## **Spelling list: GCSE Geography: Key Words 06**

Key words for GCSE Geography.

imports	Imports are goods bought and shipped in from other countries.
increase	Natural <b>increase</b> is the difference between the birth rate and the death rate of a population.
infiltration	Infiltration is the process of water entering the soil.
informal	The informal sector consists of workers who are self-employed.
infrastructure	<b>Infrastructure</b> refers to the basic equipment a place needs to function (e.g. roads, sewage, water) .
interception	<b>Interception</b> refers to the collection of water by vegetation such as the leaves of trees or plants.
international	<b>International</b> aid is the offering of money, goods and services by one country or organisation to a less developed country.
irrigation	<b>Irrigation</b> is the supplying of water to land to provide plants and crops with the necessary water.
lahar	<b>Lahar</b> is a violent type of mudflow composed of pyroclastic material and water that flows down from a volcano.
land	Land use conflicts are disagreements on land use policies.
lateral	Lateral erosion is the sideways erosion of the channel by a river.
less	<b>Less</b> Economically Developed Countries or LEDCs are countries with a low economic output per person and a low GDP.
life	The <b>life</b> expectancy is the average number of years a person is expected to live.
literacy	<b>Literacy</b> Rate is the proportion of the total population able to read and write.

longshore Longshore drift is the movement of sediment along a beach caused by the zigzag movement of the waves.

A **low** carbon economy is a country where measures have been taken to

minimize carbon dioxide emissions.

managed Managed retreat is allowing natural cliff erosion to occur.

Resource **management** is the sustainable **management** of natural management

resources.

low

mangroves Mangroves are tropical trees and shrubs which grow in coastal areas.