## **Spelling list: GCSE Geography: Key Words 02**

Key words for GCSE Geography.

central	<b>Central</b> business districts are the main shopping and business areas of a city.
charity	<b>Charity</b> shops sell goods donated by the community in order to raise money for charities.
civil	Global <b>civil</b> societies are international groups or associations that are not controlled by the state.
communicable	<b>Communicable</b> or contagious diseases are diseases that can be spread from person to person.
community	Community energy is energy that is produced and used locally.
commuter	Community energy is energy that is produced and used locally. The <b>commuter</b> range is the distance that people will travel from their homes in order to work.
conservation	<b>Conservation</b> is the protection and care of natural environments and resources so that they will persist for future generations.
consolidated	<b>Consolidated</b> rock is solid rock that is hard to break down such as granite.
constructive	Constructive waves are the large waves that build up beaches.
consumer	Consumer goods are things purchased by the general public.
conurbation	A <b>conurbation</b> is formed in the areas where large towns or cities begin to meet.
convenience	Convenience goods are everyday goods such as bread and milk.
counterurbanisation	The movement of people away from cities or towns is called <b>counterurbanisation</b> .

cumulative causation is the process by which one area becomes the

centre of economic activity.

cyclone A tropical **cyclone** is a powerful low-pressure weather system.

death Death rate is the number of deaths per year per 1000 of the population.

**Deindustrialisation** is the long term decline in employment in deindustrialisation

manufacturing due to social and economic change.

delta A river **delta** is found at the mouth of a large river or sea.

**Demographic** transition is a model showing the movement of high birth demographic

and death rates to low ones as a country develops.