## Spelling list: GCSE Geography: Energy

Key words for GCSE Geography.

biomass	<b>Biomass</b> refers to renewable organic materials used as a source of fuel or energy.
conservation	Energy <b>conservation</b> is the reduction of energy consumption through improvements and changes.
exploitation	Energy <b>exploitation</b> is the development and use of natural resources for economic advantage.
fossil	<b>Fossil</b> fuels are natural fuels composed of decayed organic matter compressed by the earth over hundreds of millions of years.
fuel	Fossil fuels include coal, crude oil and natural gas.
geothermal	Geothermal energy is a renewable energy source generated by heat within the earth.
hydroelectric	Hydroelectric energy harnesses the power of water in motion to create renewable energy.
nuclear	Nuclear power is the energy released by a nuclear reaction.
renewable	<b>Renewable</b> energy sources are sustainable energy sources that are never exhausted e.g. wind and solar energy.
security	Energy <b>security</b> is the ability of a nation to provide uninterrupted energy sources at an affordable price.
solar	<b>Solar</b> energy is generated by the Sun and collected via <b>solar</b> panels to generate electricity.
sustainable	<b>Sustainable</b> development meets the present generation's needs without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their needs.
	Wind energy is electricity generated by harnessing the wind using windmills

or wind turbines.

wind