## **Spelling list: Year 9 History WWI**

World War 1

Gallipoli	At dawn on 25 April 1915, Allied troops landed on the <b>Gallipoli</b> peninsula in Ottoman Turkey.
ypres	The Second Battle of <b>Ypres</b> was fought during the First World War from 22 April to 25 May 1915.
Schlieffen	The <b>Schlieffen</b> Plan led to Britain declaring war on Germany on August 4th, 1914.
somme	The Battle of the <b>Somme</b> , also known as the <b>Somme</b> Offensive, was a battle of the First World War fought by the armies of the British Empire and French Third Republic against the German Empire.
epitaph	An <b>epitaph</b> is a short text honoring a deceased person, like a General.
assassination	The <b>assassination</b> of the Archduke Franz Ferdinand and his wife was critical in setting off the chain of events that led to World War One.
artillery	They were faced with tanks and heavy artillery.
ammunition	A shell, bullet or bomb used as a weapon of war.
trenches	The bodies in the <b>trenches</b> started to smell.
hygiene	Good <b>hygiene</b> keeps germs away.
commander	The reputation of Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, <b>commander</b> of the British Army in France from 1915 until the end of the war, has been the subject of intense debate.
offensive	The Hundred Days <b>Offensive</b> (8 August to 11 November 1918) was an Allied <b>offensive</b> which ended the First World War.
bombardment	The soldier faced a <b>bombardment</b> of bullets.

that we have available.

Chlorine Gas is very dangerous.

Reconnaissance is the activity of obtaining military information about a place by sending soldiers or planes there.

The wearing away of the bed and banks of the river channel by abrasion, hydraulic action, solution and attrition.

Propaganda Propaganda films were shown in cinemas to reassure the public.

Suffragette The suffragette won the right to vote.

Munitions workers played a crucial role in the First World War. They supplied munition the troops at the front with the armaments and equipment they needed to fight.