

## Spelling list: Year 9 History WWI

### World War 1

Gallipoli	At dawn on 25 April 1915, Allied troops landed on the <b>Gallipoli</b> peninsula in Ottoman Turkey.
ypres	The Second Battle of <b>Ypres</b> was fought during the First World War from 22 April to 25 May 1915.
Schlieffen	The <b>Schlieffen</b> Plan led to Britain declaring war on Germany on August 4th, 1914.
somme	The Battle of the <b>Somme</b> , also known as the <b>Somme</b> Offensive, was a battle of the First World War fought by the armies of the British Empire and French Third Republic against the German Empire.
epitaph	An <b>epitaph</b> is a short text honoring a deceased person, like a General.
assassination	The <b>assassination</b> of the Archduke Franz Ferdinand and his wife was critical in setting off the chain of events that led to World War One.
artillery	They were faced with tanks and heavy <b>artillery</b> .
ammunition	A shell, bullet or bomb used as a weapon of war.
trenches	The bodies in the <b>trenches</b> started to smell.
hygiene	Good <b>hygiene</b> keeps germs away.
commander	The reputation of Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, <b>commander</b> of the British Army in France from 1915 until the end of the war, has been the subject of intense debate.
offensive	The Hundred Days <b>Offensive</b> (8 August to 11 November 1918) was an Allied <b>offensive</b> which ended the First World War.
bombardment	The soldier faced a <b>bombardment</b> of bullets.

When we make an inference, we draw a conclusion based on the evidence

inferences	that we have available.
chlorine	<b>Chlorine</b> gas is very dangerous.
reconnaissance	<b>Reconnaissance</b> is the activity of obtaining military information about a place by sending soldiers or planes there.
attrition	The wearing away of the bed and banks of the river channel by abrasion, hydraulic action, solution and <b>attrition</b> .
propaganda	<b>Propaganda</b> films were shown in cinemas to reassure the public.
suffragette	The <b>suffragette</b> won the right to vote.
munition	Munitions workers played a crucial role in the First World War. They supplied the troops at the front with the armaments and equipment they needed to fight.