

Spelling list: GCSE History: Cold War 2

Key words for GCSE History

human	Human rights refer to basic rights that should be applied to all humans.
rights	Human rights refer to basic rights that should be applied to all humans.
nuclear	Nuclear weapons are weapons of mass destruction.
weapons	Nuclear weapons are weapons of mass destruction.
arsenal	A collection of weapons is called an arsenal .
deterrent	A deterrent is something that discourages or stops someone from doing something.
armament	Armament is the process of equipping a force with weapons.
disarmament	Disarmament is the process of reducing weapons or withdrawing forces.
revolution	Revolution is the overthrow of a government by those who are governed.
state	State ownership is when the state owns and runs an industry or service for the nation.
ownership	State ownership is when the state owns and runs an industry or service for the nation.
private	Private ownership is when an individual owns and runs an industry or service for personal gain.
democracy	Democracy is a system of government in which citizens elect their political representatives.
dictatorship	Dictatorship means absolute power or control.
ideology	Ideology is an orientation that characterises the thinking of a group or nation.

superpower	An extremely influential and wealthy country is called a superpower .
Cold	The Cold War was between the USA and the USSR after World War Two.
War	The Cold War was between the USA and the USSR after World War Two.
conventional	Conventional warfare does not use nuclear weapons.
warfare	Conventional warfare does not use nuclear weapons.