

Spelling list: GCSE Chemistry: Qualitative Analysis 1

Key words for GCSE Chemistry

| | |
|----------------|--|
| chromatography | Chromatography is used to separate a mixture of substances. |
| stationary | If something is stationary , it means it is still. |
| mobile | If something is mobile , it means it can move. |
| origin | The origin or pencil line is where a substance starts in chromatography. |
| relight | If you relight something, it means you light it again. |
| glowing | A glowing splint has no flame but is still red. |
| bleached | If something has been bleached , it means the colour has been removed. |
| damp | If something it damp , it means it has soaked up water. |
| R _f | The R_f value is calculated by dividing the distance travelled by the substance by the distance travelled by the solvent. |
| separate | If you separate substances, it means you remove them from one another. |
| precipitate | An insoluble compound suspended in solution is called a precipitate . |
| suspended | If something is suspended , it means it is spread through a liquid. |